

パネリスト PANELIST

中平 英典
水産庁漁政部 加工流通課長



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略歴

- ❖ 2003年に農林水産省に入省。消費・安全分野や農村振興分野、畜産分野、林業分野、統計分野など幅広い分野で、法令制度や政策立案に携わった。
- ❖ 省外では国土交通省に出向したほか、2016年に静岡県庁に出向し、4年強経済産業部水産局長を務めた。
- ❖ その後、農林水産省大臣官房政策課で、省全体の基本的な政策の企画・立案等の事務を担った後、2022年より水産庁で水産資源管理対策や水産流通適正化等の業務に従事。2023年から現職。

Background

- ❖ Joined the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries in 2003. Was involved in legislation and policy making in a wide range of areas, including consumer affairs and safety, rural developments, livestock, forestry, and statistics.
- ❖ Experienced in the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism and pointed to the Shizuoka Prefectural Government, serving as Director-General of the Fisheries Bureau of the Department of Economy, Trade and Industry for over four years.
- ❖ After that, worked in the Policy Division of the Minister's Secretariat of the Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Fisheries, where he was responsible for planning and drafting basic policies for the entire ministry. Since 2022, has been working on fisheries resource management measures, fisheries distribution regulation, and the like at the Fisheries Agency. Has been in current position since 2023.

水産流通におけるIUU漁業対策

Measurements of preventing IUU catches from entering domestic seafood markets

2018年 漁業法改正

水産政策の改革(2018)に基づき、70年ぶりの大改正。TACを基本とする新たな資源管理措置を構築し、その推進のためのロードマップ(2020)を策定。

the Revision of Fisheries Acts in 2018

Based on “Reform of Fisheries Policies in 2018”, the “Fisheries Acts” was drastically revised after 70 years. The Acts built a new resource management system based on Total Allowable Catch (TAC) and the “Roadmap” was published to promote it.

水産流通におけるIUU漁業対策

Measurements of preventing IUU catches from entering domestic seafood markets

2020年 特定水産動植物等の国内流通の適正化等に関する法律(流適法)

the Act on Ensuring the Proper Domestic Distribution and Importation of Specified Aquatic Animals and Plants

IUU漁業対策として、国内での初の流通段階の規制を導入

The Act was newly introduced to combat IUU fishing by regulating domestic seafood distributions.

① 国内の違法かつ過剰な採捕が行われるおそれ大きい魚種の流通規制

Regulation on a Japanese Domestic Market targeting fish which has a significant risk of illegal and excessive catching in Japan

② 国際的なIUU漁業のおそれ大きい魚種の輸入規制(漁獲証明制度)

Regulation on imports targeting fish which is recognized to be illegally caught with significant risks by foreign fishing vessels under foreign laws

水産流通適正化制度検討会議(2021年5月～8月) Stakeholder meetings from May to Aug., 2021

指定基準や対象魚種など、制度の詳細を議論 Discussed details of measurements such as criteria of identifying a fish type

2024年 漁業法及び特定水産動植物等の国内流通の適正化等に関する法律(流適法)の一部を改正する法律

Partially Amending the Fishery Act and the Act on Ensuring the Proper Domestic Distribution and Importation of Specified Aquatic Animals and Plants (Detailed in the next page)

国内のIUU漁業防止に向け、新たな枠組みによる資源管理の強化及び流通規制を整備

To prevent IUU fishing in Japan, the Act strengthen the resource management and the regulation of domestic distributions.

水産流通の適正化推進会議(2024年9月～) Stakeholder meetings since Sep., 2024 to be continued

運用の見直し及び新たな法案の制度の詳細を議論。 Reviewed and discussed the implementation and the new aspects of the Act

改正法について Outline of the Amended Act, 2024

背景 Background

国際的に厳格な漁獲可能量(TAC)による資源管理が行われている太平洋クロマグロについて、TAC報告義務に違反して流通する事案が発生したことを受け、特定の水産物について、生産・流通段階における規制を強化。Enforce the regulations of a specific type of fish at both production and distribution stage due to a case of amounts of Pacific bluefin tuna being distributed in violation of TAC reporting requirements under the internationally strict resource control by the TAC.

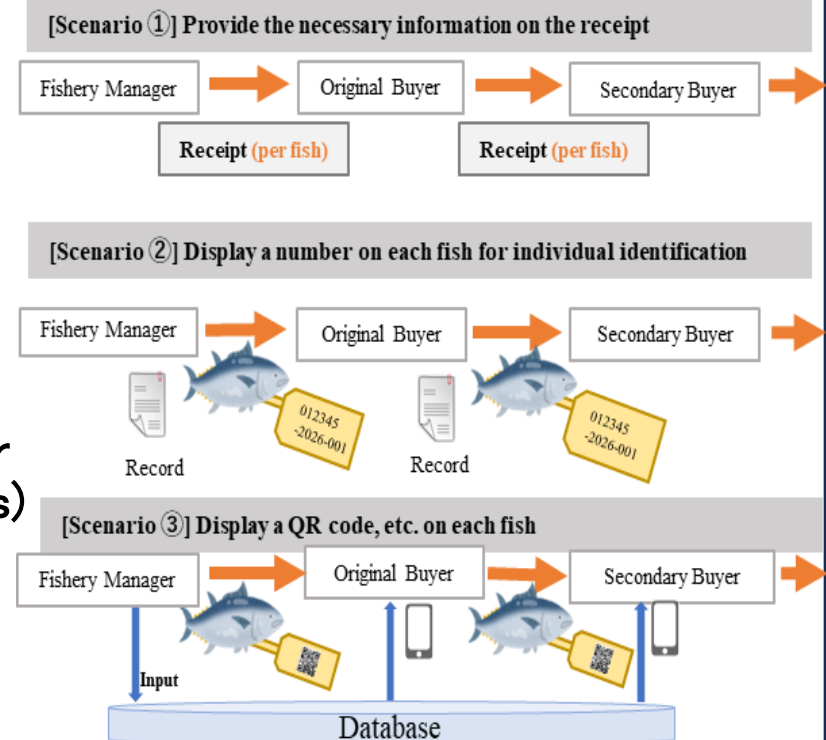
➤ 漁業法の一部改正の主な事項 (The revision of Fisheries Acts)

- ❖ TAC報告事項について、採捕した個体の数を追加
Require the number of actual fish taken to the TAC report's obligations
- ❖ TAC報告情報の記録保存の義務化
Require retaining records of the information of TAC reports
- ❖ TAC報告義務違反に関する罰則の強化
Strengthen the statutory penalties for violation of TAC reports.

➤ 流通法の一部改正の主な事項 (The revision of the Act on Ensuring the Proper Domestic Distribution and Importation of Specified Aquatic Animals and Plants)

- ❖ 取引時における船舶の名称、個体の重量等の情報伝達の義務付け
Mandate a transition of information such as names of vessels and weight of each fish at every step of transactions
- ❖ 取引記録の作成・保存
Require creating and storing transaction records
- ❖ 輸出時の証明書添付
Require attaching a legal catch certificate when exporting

Image of Anticipated Transaction Scenarios



現状

水産分野の強制労働に関する議論は、G7等の場においても、漁業における人権尊重を求めるなど、国際的な動きが加速。こうした水産物の調達を含め、企業活動による人権への負の影響（人権侵害リスク）を避けるため、業種横断で人権に関するデューディリジェンスに関するガイドラインの普及に努めている。

Current Actions

Discussion of Forced labor issues in the seafood sector has been accelerated at an international scales such as G7, which agreed to call for respect for human rights. To avoid adverse impacts on human rights (risk of human rights violations) through business activities, including procurements in seafood supply chains, the Government is promoting guidelines on human rights-related due diligence across industries.

G7 Agriculture Ministers' Communiqué Sep.26–29, 2024

We call for the respect of human rights and for labour, social, economic and environmental standards in the fishery and aquaculture sectors to ensure a level playing field and fair competition.

(仮訳)我々は公平で公正な競争の場を確保するため、漁業及び養殖業における人権尊重及び労働、社会、経済、そして環境の基準尊重を求める

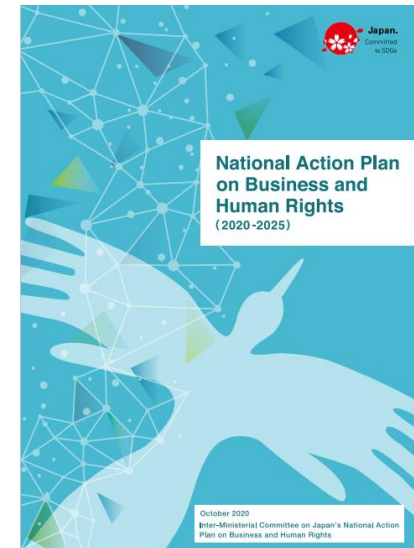
人権問題への取組について Engagements in Human Rights

取組

❖ Oct, 2020 「ビジネスと人権」に関する行動計画(2020年-2025年) National Action Plan on Business and Human Rights

政府、地方公共団体等における人権保護に資する政策を取りまとめるとともに、企業が問題解決を図るための取組を進める環境づくりを目指して策定。

Aiming to arrange a public policy implemented by the central and local governments, and to encourage private sectors to engage in the challenges of the protection of human rights.



❖ Sep, 2022 責任あるサプライチェーン等における人権尊重のためのガイドライン Guidelines on Respecting Human Rights in Responsible Supply Chains

国際機関による人権に関する指針等の日本版ガイドライン策定の要望を踏まえて公表。企業における自主的な人権尊重の取組を加速させ、企業活動における負の影響を特定・評価し、社会的責任を果たしていくための指針

Published in response to requests from Japanese private sectors to summarize the international guidelines and agreements to meet with a Japanese society. The guidelines aim for accelerating voluntary efforts to respect human rights in private sectors, identifying and assessing adverse impacts through their business activities, and enhancing social responsibility.

❖ Dec. 2023 食品企業向け人権尊重の取組のための手引き Guidebook for Respecting Human Rights in Food Enterprises

サプライチェーンが多い食品産業向けに、より平易かつポイントを絞り、企業が実際に取り組めるような実践例や様式等を掲載

Published the guidebook for the food industry that has many supply chains. The guidebook provides best practices and samples to encourage private sectors to voluntarily address human rights challenges.

Guidebook for Respecting Human Rights in Food Enterprises

食品企業向け人権尊重の取組のための手引き

令和5年12月
農林水産省
大臣官房新事業・食品産業部

MAFF
Ministry of Agriculture,
Forestry and Fisheries
農林水産省